## Welcome to a live C-ISE Event!

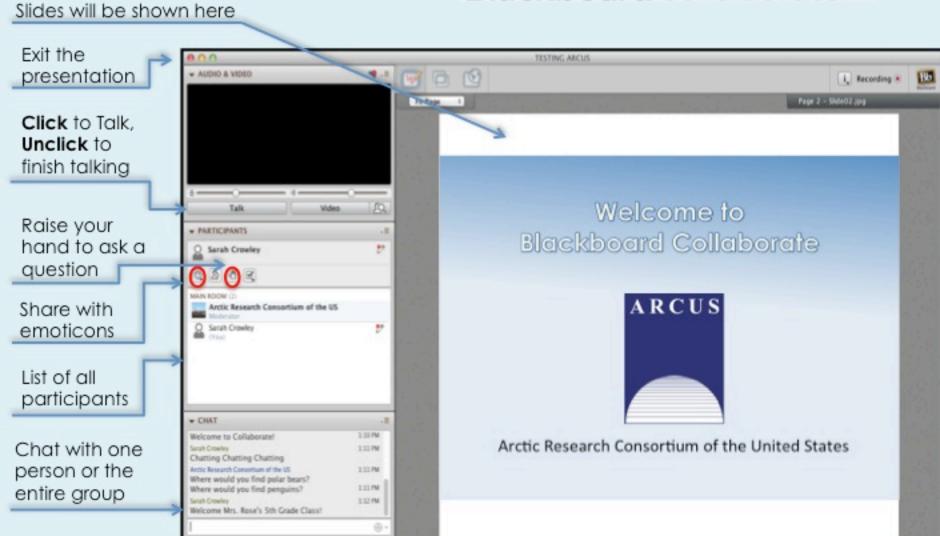
With Researcher Elliot Friedman
Terrestrial Methane and Microbiology

Wednesday 4 April 2012

12:00pm AKDT

(1:00 pm PDT, 2:00 pm MDT, 3:00 pm CDT, 4:00 pm EDT)





#### Please Note:

- Participants using the telephone can mute/unmute by pressing \*6 on the phone.
- Today's event will be recorded and archived.

## Questions

### During the Presentation:

Type your question in the text chat box

#### At the End of the Presentation:

- Raise your hand with the "hand button".
- PolarTREC staff will call on you.
- Speak loud and clear and directly into the phone to ask your question.

Click on the Talk button to speak.
Unclick when you are done.



# Participant Introductions

#### When called, please state your:

- ✓ Name
- √School / Institution
- ✓ The number of students and adults participating with you in the same location

## What is PolarTREC?

PolarTREC is a professional development experience in which K-12 teachers are paired with researchers for 2-6 week research experiences in the polar regions.

From 2010-2013, nearly 50 teachers from around the United States will join scientists in the Arctic and Antarctica to learn about science, the polar regions, and to share what they have learned with their students and communities.



#### Outline

- Introduction to North Slope
- Overview of biosensor technology
- Barrow Study Iron as a dominant respiratory process
- Global climate models/methane emissions



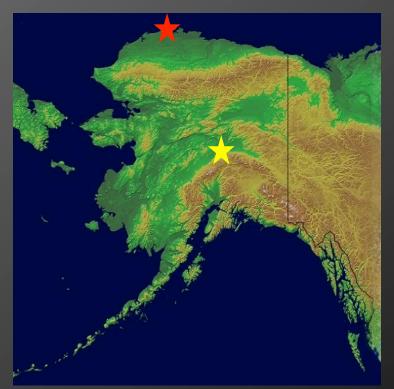






#### Barrow, AK

- Northernmost city in the US
- 320 mi north of Arctic circle
- 4,212 people (2010 census)
- Flat tundra stretches ~200
   miles to the south
- No wind barriers
- Freezing temperatures ~324 days/year
- <5 inches of rain equivalent/yr</p>
- − Dark from ~Nov 18<sup>th</sup> − Jan 22<sup>nd</sup>
- − Light from ~May 11<sup>th</sup> − Aug 1<sup>st</sup>









## North Slope topography

- Region of Alaska north of the Brooks range
- Above the Arctic Circle
- Sparsely populated
- Only ~5 inches of rain/year
- Lakes and rivers due to very slow evaporation, freeze-thawing, and underlying bedrock
- Polygonized tundra forms as a result of freeze-thaw cycles



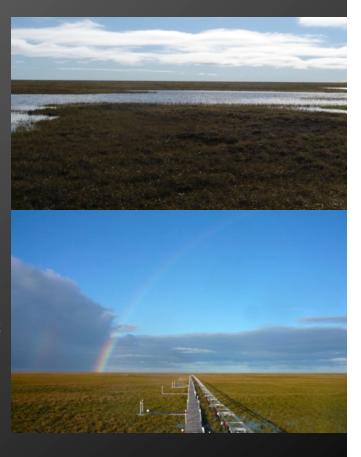






## Polar Carbon

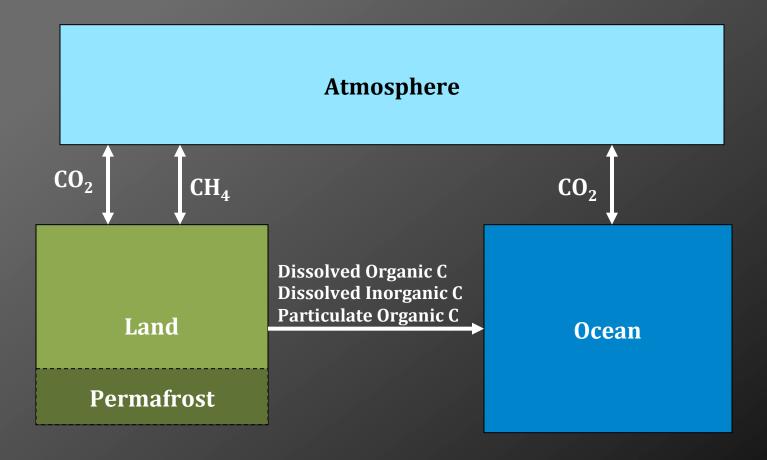
- Northern circumpolar permafrost soil carbon holds ~1672 Pg C
  - Up to 60% of global belowground carbon pool
  - Polar regions are more susceptible to climate change
  - What happens to all of this carbon as temperatures warm?
  - Feed forward or 'positive feedback' process







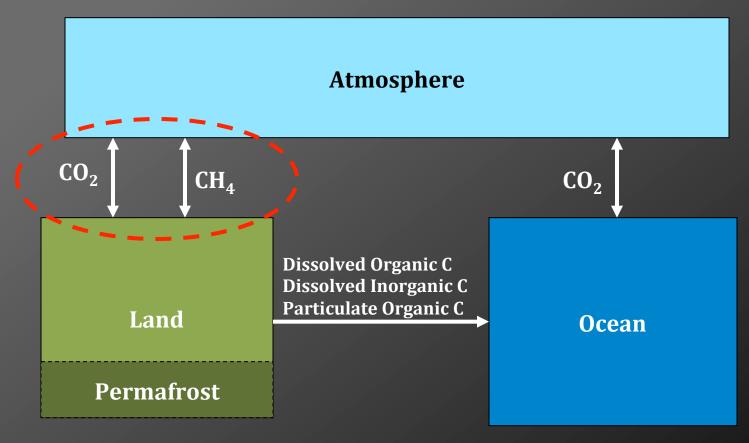
#### Arctic carbon model







#### Arctic carbon model



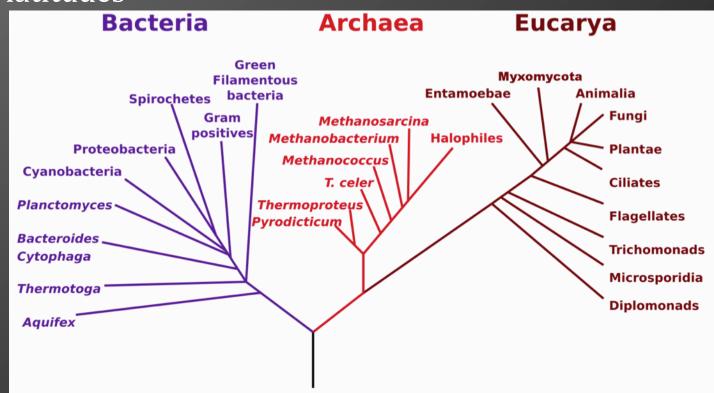
CH<sub>4</sub> emissions from the Arctic increased 31% from 2003-2007





#### Methane

- •21X climate forcing potential of carbon dioxide
- •Formed via methanogenesis anaerobic degradation of organic matter by methanogenic archea
- Occurs in natural wetlands and rice patties
- $^{-1}/_4$   $^1/_3$  of soil methane emissions come from wet soils at high latitudes







## Microbial Respiration

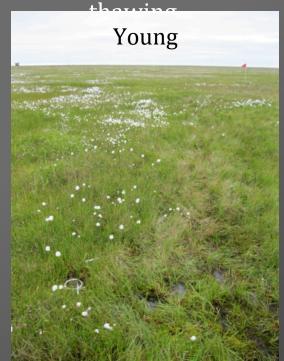
- Aerobic respiration  $O_2$  is the terminal electron acceptor
- Anaerobic conditions:
  - Anaerobic respiration other electron acceptors  $(NO_3^-$ . Mn(IV), Fe(III),  $SO_4^{2-}$ )
  - Methanogenesis
  - Fermentation
- Wide variety of factors can influence which process(es) dominate





## Arctic wetlands

Drained thaw lake basins formed as a results of climate and freeze-







- Anaerobic, lots of carbon microbial processes are crucial to the carbon balance!
- High amounts of iron [Fe(III)], an alternate electron acceptor
- Fe(III) reduction results in  ${\bf CO_2}$  emission as opposed to  ${\bf CH_4}$  from methanogenesis





## Question

• What is the role of iron reduction as a dominant respiratory process in Arctic peat soils?

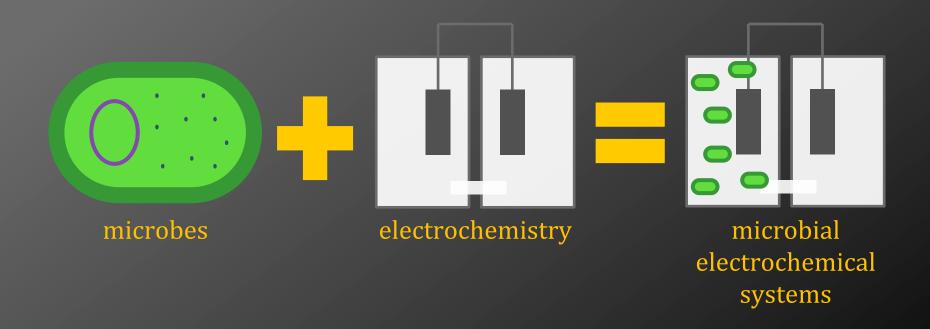






### How can we figure out what's happening?

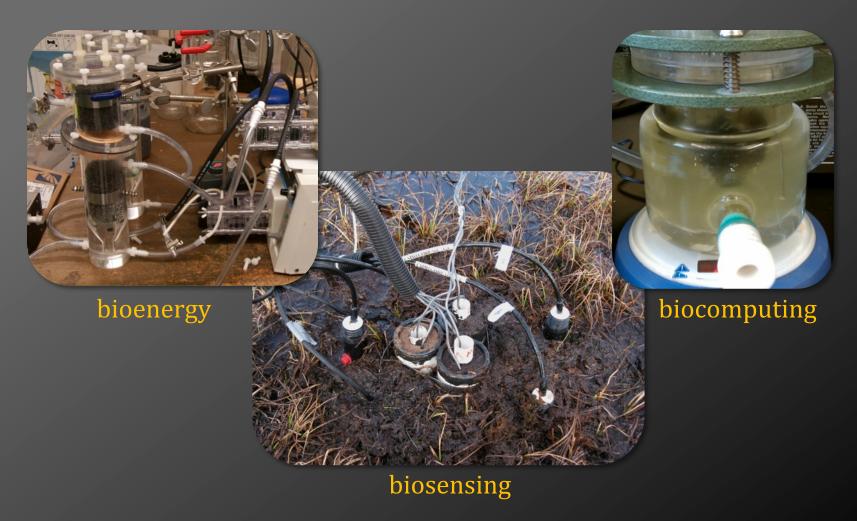
- Microbial electrochemical systems
  - Quantitatively link microbial metabolism to electronic circuitry







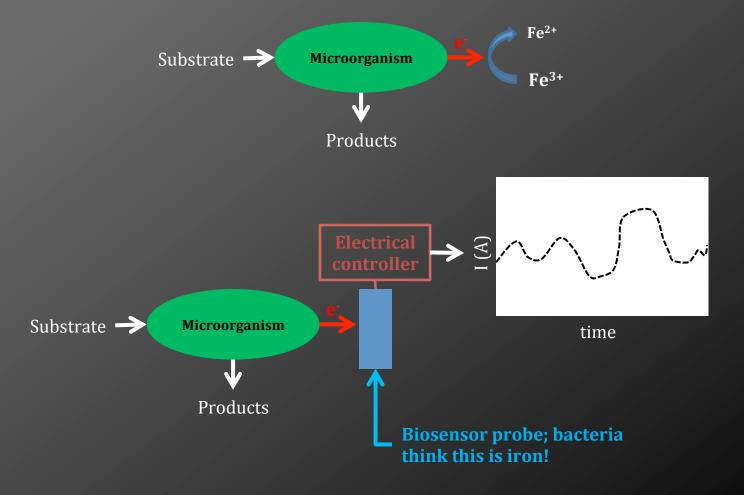
#### Microbial electrochemical systems: what do they do?







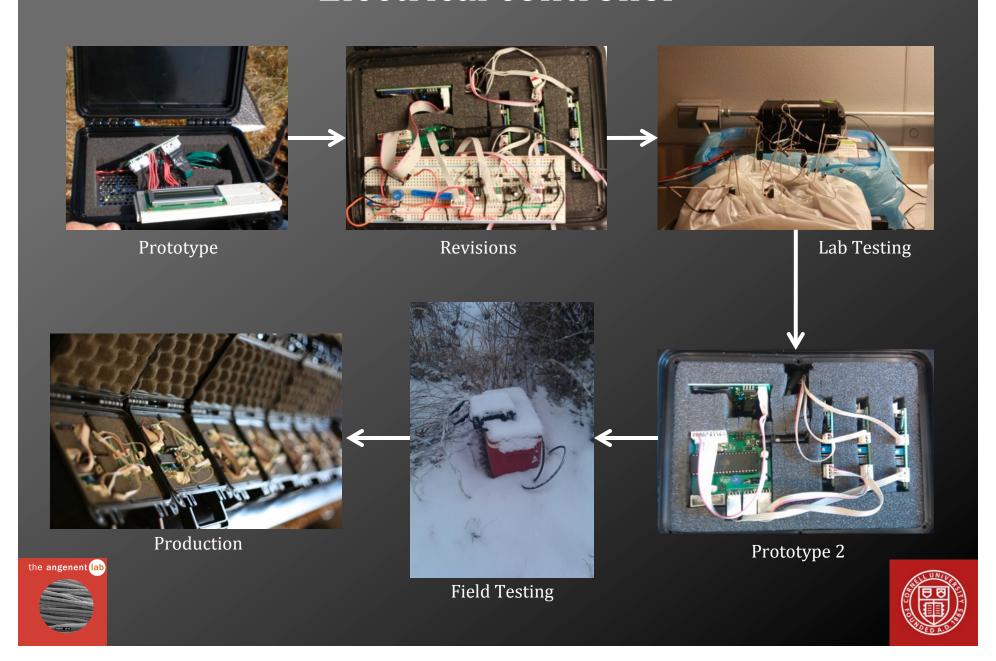
#### Microbial biosensor







#### Electrical controller



## Field Application





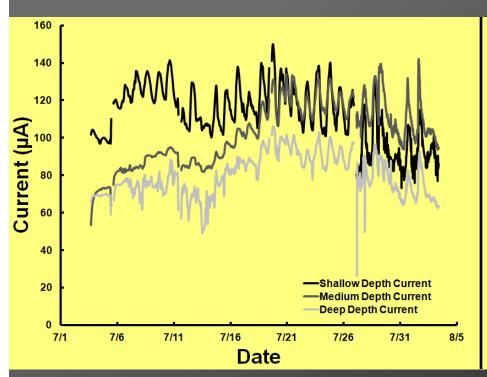


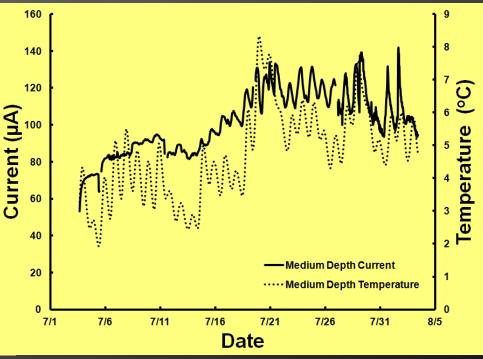






#### Results





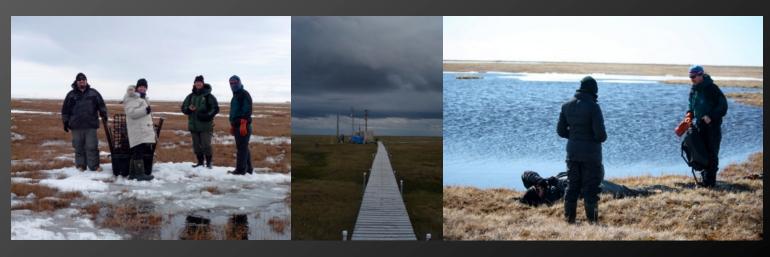
- Daily cycles in microbial activity
- •Increase in soil temperature 'awakens' deeper-depth microbes





#### What's next: Field Season 2012

- •What is the relationship between iron reduction and methanogenesis, and how do these processes compete and/or coexist?
- •What are the major factors responsible for controlling microbial dominance?
- •Do current climate models accurately predict methane emissions from this site?

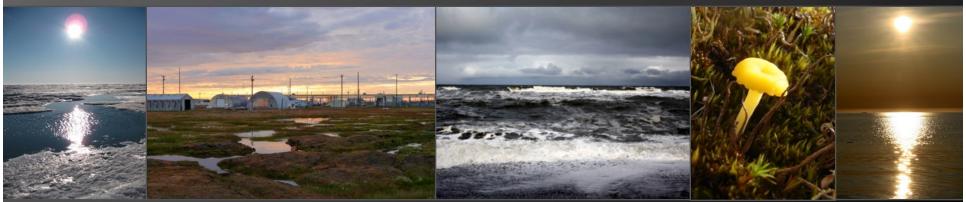






#### Conclusions

- Methane is a major player in the climate change equation
- •Arctic soils are an important carbon reservoir, and little is known about how climate change will affect the carbon balance
- •Microbes are a crucial component in the carbon cycle
- •Large range of methane emissions predicted in current models: site specific studies are necessary to clarify







Acknowledgements

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  UMIAQ
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# Questions?



•Follow our 2012 field season, including PolarTREC teacher Cristina Solis from LA Academy:

http://www.polartrec.com/expeditions/microbial-activity-in-thawing-arctic-permafrost-2012

•High school curriculum for building a microbial fuel cell (MFC) – power an LED with bacteria!

http://angenent.bee.cornell.edu/MFCLab.html





## Teachers: Join PolarTREC!

www.polartrec.com/about/join

Every teacher can participate in different ways:

- Following Expeditions
- Participate in PolarConnect Events
- Join the Polar Education Email List
- Take Online Professional Development Courses
- Become a PolarTREC Teacher!

# **Upcoming Events**

Watch for and register for upcoming events at <a href="https://www.polartrec.com">www.polartrec.com</a>!

PolarTREC Teacher Amber Lancaster on the Weddell Sea, Antarctica 9 April at 8:30am AKDT [9:30am PDT, 10:30am MDT, 11:30am CDT, 12:30pm EDT]

PolarTREC Teacher John Wood and the Carbon Balance in Tundra expedition 16 April at 12:45 AKDT [1:45pm PDT, 2:45pm MDT, 3:45pm CDT, 4:45pm EDT]

## Thank You!

An archive of the event will be available shortly. <a href="http://www.polartrec.com/polar-connect/archive">http://www.polartrec.com/polar-connect/archive</a>

