TEACHERS AND RESEARCHERS EXPLORING AND COLLABORATING



Welcome to **PolarConnect**



Deep Roots

With PolarTREC Teacher Nell Kemp & Arctic Researchers

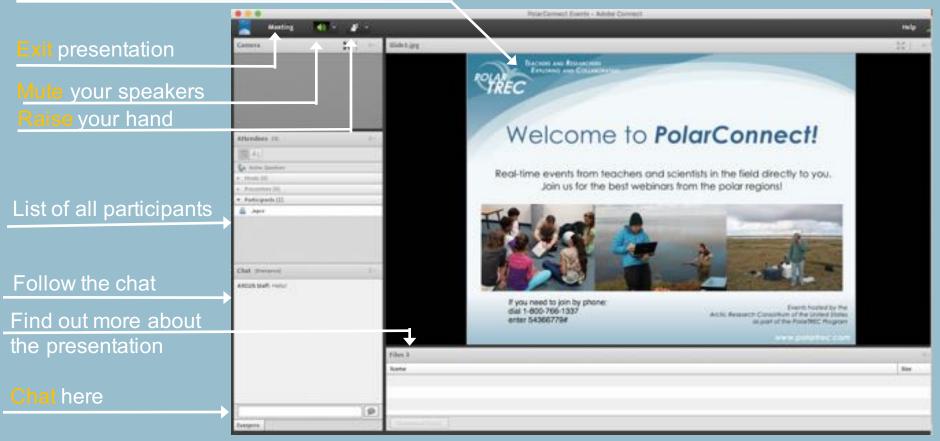
Dr. Michelle Mack and Dr. Rebecca Hewitt

31 August 2016

www.polartrec.com

Getting to Know Adobe Connect

Slides will be shown here





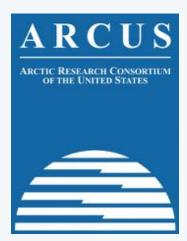
Participant Introductions

In the Chat box, please introduce yourself by typing in your:

- ✓ Name
- ✓ School or Institution
- ✓ The number of students and adults participating with you in the same location



- Since 2004, the Arctic Research Consortium of the United States (ARCUS), a non-profit organization, has been administrating the PolarTREC Program.
- PolarTREC is professional development for K-12 teachers. They are paired with researchers for 2-6 week research experiences in the polar regions.
- Over 150 teachers from around the United States have joined scientists in the Arctic and Antarctica to learn about science, the polar regions, and to share what they have learned with their students and communities.



25 Years of Connecting Arctic Research www.arcus.org



Questions

During the Presentation:

• Type your question in the text chat box

At the End of the Presentation:

- Raise your hand with the "hand button".
- PolarTREC staff will call on you and activate your microphone.
- Speak loud and clear, directly into the computer microphone or the phone to ask your question.



Interrupting the deep freeze: belowground exploration of a new environment as permafrost soils thaw

Deep Roots

Michelle Mack, Northern Arizona University Rebecca Hewitt, Northern Arizona University Nell Kemp, PolarTREC Teacher





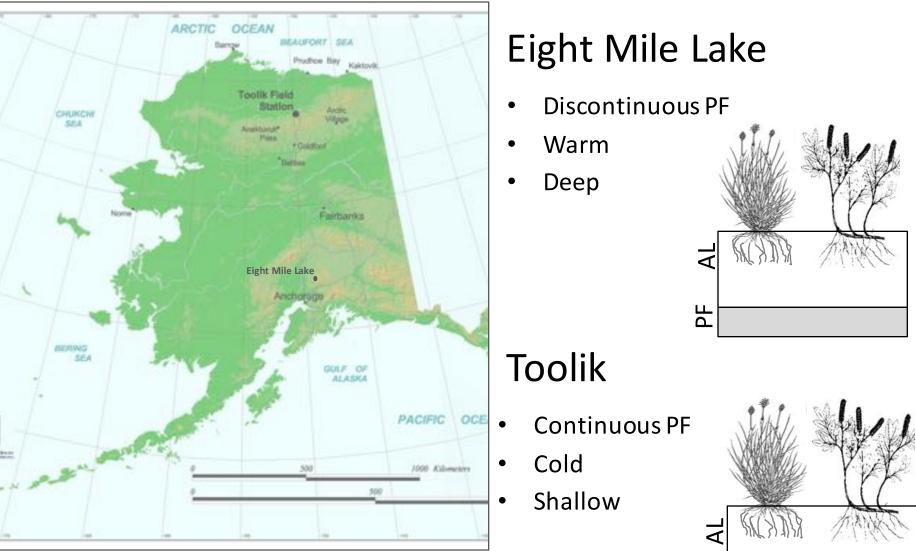
Research questions

- Can plants in permafrost soils access deep Nitrogen (N)?
 - Via rooting traits
 - Via fungal symbionts
- What proportion of deep N is taken up by plants?

– Where does the N end up in the tissues of plants?

 Can we understand the role of permafrost N in the Carbon balance of Alaskan tundra permafrost soils?

Where?



РГ

PF permafrost **AL** active layer

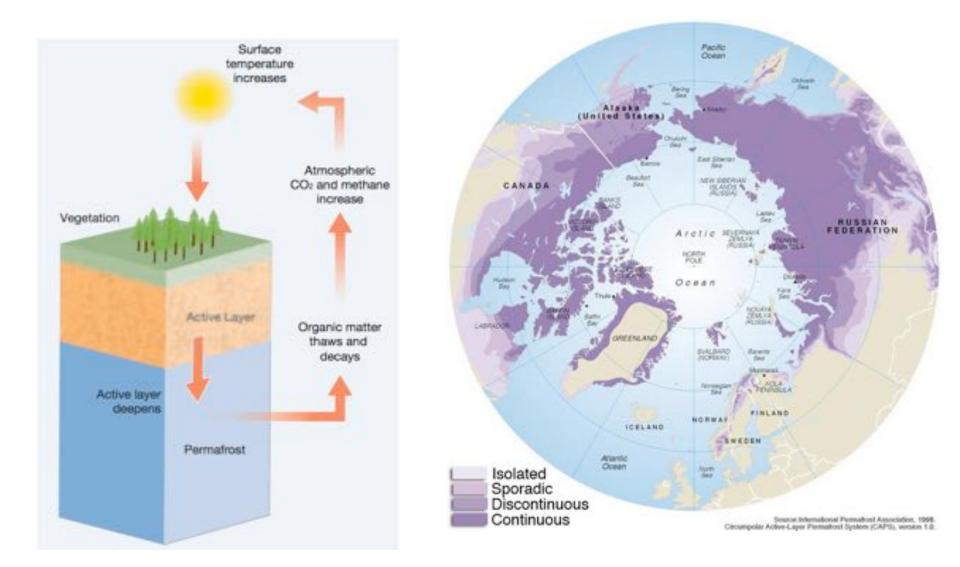
Why permafrost?

Earth's Freezer

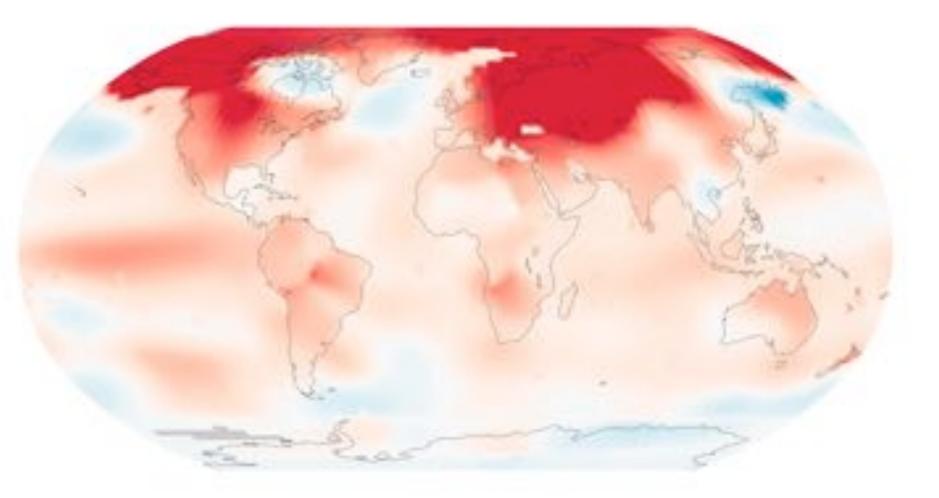


Tree and plant roots in the permafrost, potentially 5-10,000 years old. Photo courtesy of Lynn Reed.

Permafrost stability and global C cycle



Why does the Arctic matter?



February 2016 Mean Surface Temperature Anomaly ("C)

-5≤ 0 ≥5

Why Nitrogen?

Nitrogen

- Nitrogen is a vital element that plants use to build complex structures (DNA, proteins)
- Plants that take in more N tend to grow larger

AGGRAND'

Fertilizer Organic Series™ provides the primary nutrients: Nitrogen, Phosphorus and Potassium

Directions: Some product settling will occur, agitate well before and during use. Use of coarse to very coarse spray nozzles is recommended. Once product is diluted use within 48 hrs. Application recommendations on this label are general guidelines. For additional application information visit us at www. aggrand.com. Soil testing is recommended. Do not freeze. Keep out of reach of children.

Foliar Spray Rates: Mix 2 to 3 oz. of AGGRAND Fertilizer with 1 gal. of water. Apply as a fine mist with enough liquid to thoroughly cover leaves. Addition of a biodegradable surfactant increases adhesion to the leaf surface. For best results apply in early morning or late evening. Do not apply before or after rainfall or irrigation. Foliar feeding is intended as a supplement to a regular fertilization program.

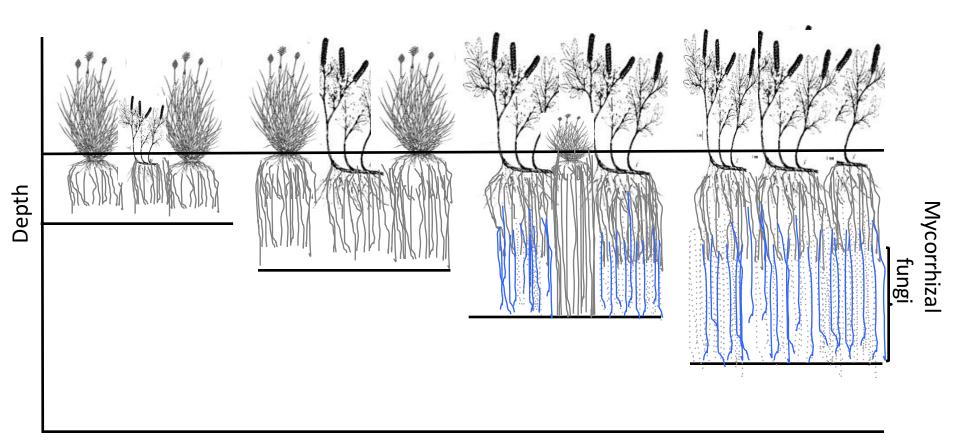
Garden & Field Rates: Mix 1 gal. of AGGRAND Fertilizer with **GUARANTEED ANALYSIS** a minimum of 32 gal, water. Broadcast mixture over 4,000 sq. Total Nitrogen (N) 4.0% ft. Till into soil in spring or fall, or band mixture in 800 ft. rows. 2.75% Water Soluble Nitrogen 1.25% Water Insoluble Nitrogen Information regarding the contents and levels of metals in this per vailable Phosphate (PpOx), 3.0% is available on the internet at http://www.aapfco.org/metals.htm pluble Potash (KgO)... 3.0% rived from; Fish Emulsion, Rock CONDITIONS BEYOND OUR CONTROL MAY AFFECT RESULTS. AMSP DOES NOT WARRANTY OR GUARANTEE ANY PARTICULAR LEVEL Phosphate, Sulfate of Potash and Kelp FORMANCE OR RESULTS. TO THE FULLEST EXTENT PERMITTE F1136 AMSOIL INC. LIMITS. EXCLUDES. AND DISCLAIMS. DENTAL AND CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES ARISING OUT THIS PRODUCT. BUYER ACCEPTS THESE CONDITIONS V THIS PRODUCT. WARRANTY IS LIMITED TO REPLACEMENT CT THAT IS DETERMINED TO BE DEFECTIVE IN MANUFACTUR CKAGING. AMSOIL INC . AMSOIL Building . Sup 54880 U.S.A. Visit us on the web at www PRODUCT CODE OSF-05 :com

Fertilizers contain nitrogen

Putting it all together

- Permafrost stores Carbon and Nitrogen
- As Arctic warms, permafrost thaws and releases the stored nutrients
- Plants with deep root systems can access these nutrients
- Plants with fungal symbionts may take up more N
- More N, plants can grow bigger
- Bigger plants = more atmospheric CO₂ uptake, reducing positive feedback

• Plants in the PF may increase their ability to access deep N by their fungal communities



Deep Roots – a pictorial overview









Determining tundra plots, soil profiles









Injecting labeled N at thaw depth

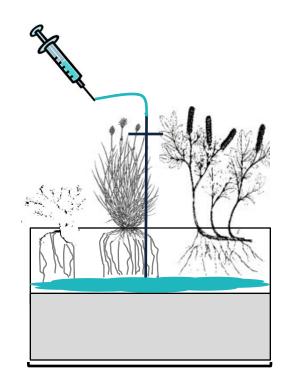






Experimental tracer study design at Toolik

Label with 100 mg of ¹⁵NH₄+Cl

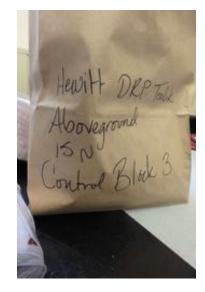


Time line

- Label 8 replicate plots X 2 treatments (greenhouse and control)
- 5 plots harvested/treatment after 24 hours
- 5 plots harvested/treatment after 1 year

Analyzing above & below ground biomass 24 hours after N injected













8 Mile Lake, Healy, AK

 The above/below ground biomass for 1 year analysis will be harvested from 8 Mile Lake this weekend (Toolik next year)





Thank you! Questions?





Join PolarTREC!

www.polartrec.com/about/join

Everyone can participate in different ways:

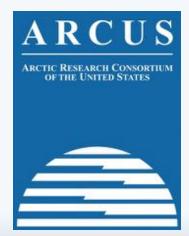
- Follow Expeditions
- Participate in PolarConnect Events
- Join the Polar Education Email List
- Check out the great resources
- Become a PolarTREC Teacher or Researcher
- Become a member of ARCUS



Thank You!

An archive of the event will be available shortly. http://www.polartrec.com/polar-connect/archive





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